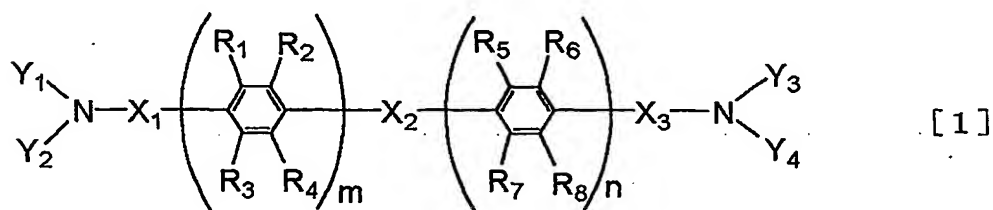


## CLAIMS

1. An organic light-emitting device comprising a pair of electrodes consisting of an anode and a cathode and an organic compound-containing layer sandwiched between the pair of electrodes, wherein at least one layer of the organic compound-containing layers contains

at least one compound selected from the group consisting of compounds represented by general formula [1]:



wherein

Y<sub>1</sub> and Y<sub>3</sub> can be bonded to Y<sub>2</sub> and Y<sub>4</sub> respectively to form a ring, and X<sub>1</sub> and X<sub>3</sub> can be bonded to Y<sub>1</sub> and/or Y<sub>2</sub> and Y<sub>3</sub> and/or Y<sub>4</sub> respectively to form a ring;

X<sub>1</sub>, X<sub>2</sub> and X<sub>3</sub> are the same or different and are each independently a direct bond or a divalent group selected from the group consisting of alkylene, aralkylene, arylene, divalent heterocyclic, alkenylene, imino, -SiH<sub>2</sub>-, silylene, carbonyl, ether and thioether, each having no substituent or a substituent which can include a linking group

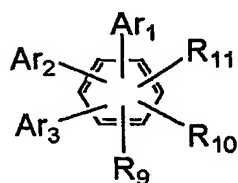
consisting of arylene or divalent heterocyclic, each having no substituent or a substituent;

Y<sub>1</sub> to Y<sub>4</sub> are the same or different and are each independently a group selected from the group  
 5 consisting of alkyl, aralkyl, aryl, heterocyclic, amino, silyl, alkylene, aralkylene, alkenylene, imino, -SiH<sub>2</sub>-, silylene, carbonyl, ether and thioether, each having no substituent or a substituent which can include a linking group consisting of arylene or  
 10 divalent heterocyclic, each having no substituent or a substituent;

R<sub>1</sub> to R<sub>8</sub> are the same or different and are each independently hydrogen, halogen or a group selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl and aryl,  
 15 each having no substituent or a substituent; and

m+n is an integer from 0 to 10, and

at least one compound selected from the group consisting of compounds represented by general formula [2]:



[2]

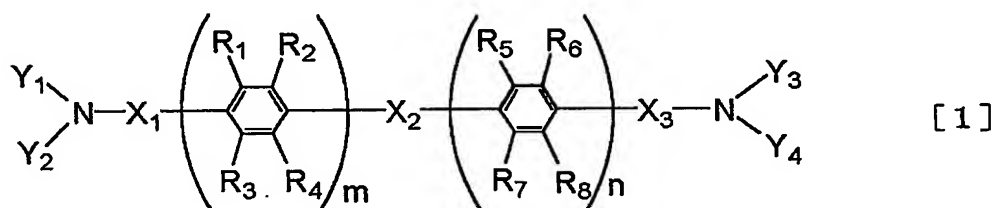
20

wherein Ar<sub>1</sub> to Ar<sub>3</sub> are the same or different and are each independently hydrogen or a group selected from the group consisting of aryl, heterocyclic, alkyl and

aralkyl, each having no substituent or a substituent;  
 and  $R_9$  to  $R_{11}$  are the same or different and are  
 hydrogen, halogen, cyano, a substituted amino or a  
 group selected from the group consisting of alkyl,  
 5 aralkyl and amino, each having no substituent or a  
 substituent.

2. An organic light-emitting device comprising  
 a pair of electrodes consisting of an anode and a  
 10 cathode and an organic compound-containing layers  
 sandwiched between the pair of electrodes, wherein at  
 least one layer of the organic compound-containing  
 layers contains

at least one compound selected from the group  
 15 consisting of compounds represented by general  
 formula [1]:



wherein

20  $Y_1$  and  $Y_3$  can be bonded to  $Y_2$  and  $Y_4$  respectively  
 to form a ring, and  $X_1$  and  $X_3$  can be bonded to  $Y_1$   
 and/or  $Y_2$  and  $Y_3$  and/or  $Y_4$  respectively to form a  
 ring;

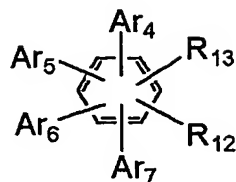
$X_1$ ,  $X_2$  and  $X_3$  are the same or different and are

each independently a direct bond or a divalent group selected from the group consisting of alkylene, aralkylene, arylene, divalent heterocyclic, alkenylene, imino,  $-\text{SiH}_2-$ , silylene, carbonyl, ether and thioether, each having no substituent or a substituent which can include a linking group consisting of arylene or divalent heterocyclic, each having no substituent or a substituent;

$Y_1$  to  $Y_4$  are the same or different and are each independently a group selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl, aryl, heterocyclic, amino, silyl, alkylene, aralkylene, alkenylene, imino,  $-\text{SiH}_2-$ , silylene, carbonyl, ether and thioether, each having no substituent or a substituent which can include a linking group consisting of arylene or divalent heterocyclic, each having no substituent or a substituent;

$R_1$  to  $R_8$  are the same or different and are each independently hydrogen, halogen or a group selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl and aryl, each having no substituent or a substituent; and  $m+n$  is an integer from 0 to 10, and

at least one compound selected from the group consisting of compounds represented by general formula [3]:

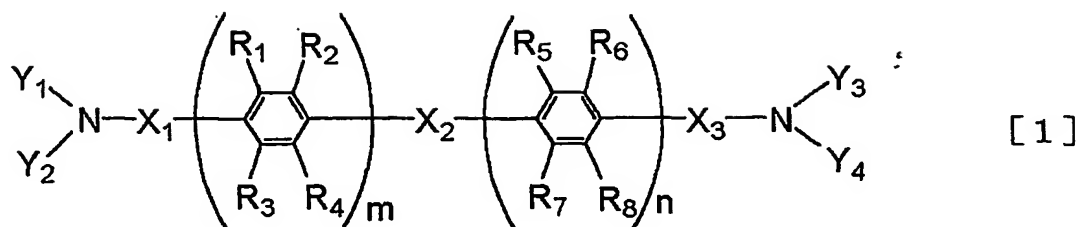


[3]

wherein Ar<sub>4</sub> to Ar<sub>7</sub> are the same or different and are each independently a group selected from the group consisting of aryl, and heterocyclic, each having no substituent or a substituent; and R<sub>12</sub> and R<sub>13</sub> are the same or different and are hydrogen, halogen, cyano, a substituted amino or a group selected from the group consisting of alkyl and aralkyl, each having no substituent or a substituent.

3. An organic light-emitting device comprising a pair of electrodes consisting of an anode and a cathode and an organic compound-containing layer sandwiched between the pair of electrodes, wherein at least one layer of the organic compound-containing layers contains

at least one compound selected from the group consisting of compounds represented by general formula [1]:



wherein

Y<sub>1</sub> and Y<sub>3</sub> can be bonded to Y<sub>2</sub> and Y<sub>4</sub> respectively  
 5 to form a ring, and X<sub>1</sub> and X<sub>3</sub> can be bonded to Y<sub>1</sub>  
 and/or Y<sub>2</sub> and Y<sub>3</sub> and/or Y<sub>4</sub> respectively to form a  
 ring;

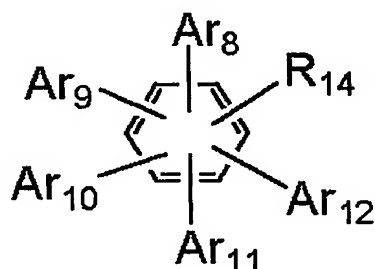
X<sub>1</sub>, X<sub>2</sub> and X<sub>3</sub> are the same or different and are  
 each independently a direct bond or a divalent group  
 10 selected from the group consisting of alkylene,  
 aralkylene, arylene, divalent heterocyclic,  
 alkenylene, imino, -SiH<sub>2</sub>-, silylene, carbonyl, ether  
 and thioether, each having no substituent or a  
 substituent which can include a linking group  
 15 consisting of arylene or divalent heterocyclic, each  
 having no substituent or a substituent;

Y<sub>1</sub> to Y<sub>4</sub> are the same or different and are each  
 independently a group selected from the group  
 consisting of alkyl, aralkyl, aryl, heterocyclic,  
 20 amino, silyl, alkylene, aralkylene, alkenylene, imino,  
 -SiH<sub>2</sub>-, silylene, carbonyl, ether and thioether, each  
 having no substituent or a substituent which can  
 include a linking group consisting of arylene or

divalent heterocyclic, each having no substituent or a substituent;

$R_1$  to  $R_8$  are the same or different and are each independently hydrogen, halogen or a group selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl and aryl, each having no substituent or a substituent; and  $m+n$  is an integer from 0 to 10, and

at least one compound selected from the group consisting of compounds represented by general formula [4]:



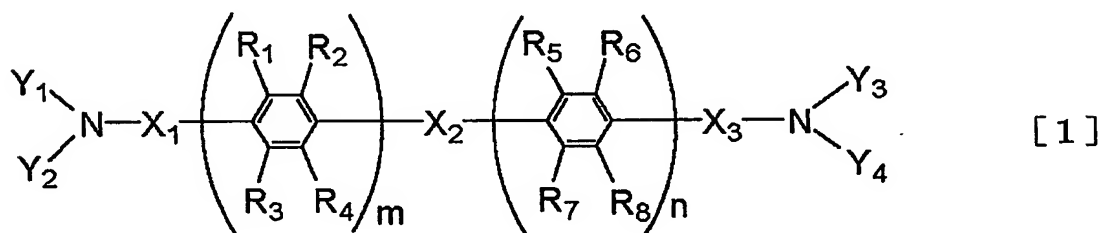
[ 4 ]

wherein  $Ar_8$  to  $Ar_{12}$  are the same or different and are each independently a group selected from the group consisting of aryl and heterocyclic, each having no substituent or a substituent; and  $R_{14}$  is hydrogen, halogen, cyano, a substituted amino or a group selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl, aryl and heterocyclic, each having no substituent or a substituent.

4. An organic light-emitting device comprising a pair of electrodes consisting of an anode and a

cathode and an organic compound-containing layers sandwiched between the pair of electrodes, wherein at least one layer of the organic compound-containing layers contains

- 5 at least one compound selected from the group consisting of compounds represented by general formula [1]:



- 10 wherein

Y<sub>1</sub> and Y<sub>3</sub> can be bonded to Y<sub>2</sub> and Y<sub>4</sub> respectively to form a ring, and X<sub>1</sub> and X<sub>3</sub> can be bonded to Y<sub>1</sub> and/or Y<sub>2</sub> and Y<sub>3</sub> and/or Y<sub>4</sub> respectively to form a ring;

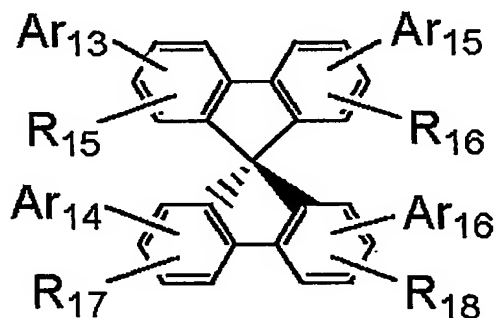
- 15 X<sub>1</sub>, X<sub>2</sub> and X<sub>3</sub> are the same or different and are each independently a direct bond or a divalent group selected from the group consisting of alkylene, aralkylene, arylene, divalent heterocyclic, alkenylene, imino, -SiH<sub>2</sub>-, silylene, carbonyl, ether  
 20 and thioether, each having no substituent or a substituent which can include a linking group consisting of arylene or divalent heterocyclic, each having no substituent or a substituent;



Y<sub>1</sub> to Y<sub>4</sub> are the same or different and are each independently a group selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl, aryl, heterocyclic, amino, silyl, alkylene, aralkylene, alkenylene, imino, -SiH<sub>2</sub>-, silylene, carbonyl, ether and thioether, each having no substituent or a substituent which can include a linking group consisting of arylene or divalent heterocyclic, each having no substituent or a substituent;

R<sub>1</sub> to R<sub>8</sub> are the same or different and are each independently hydrogen, halogen or a group selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl and aryl, each having no substituent or a substituent; and m+n is an integer from 0 to 10, and

at least one compound selected from the group consisting of compounds represented by the following general formula [5]:



[ 5 ]

wherein Ar<sub>13</sub> to Ar<sub>16</sub> are the same or different and are each independently a group selected from the group consisting of aryl and heterocyclic, each having no

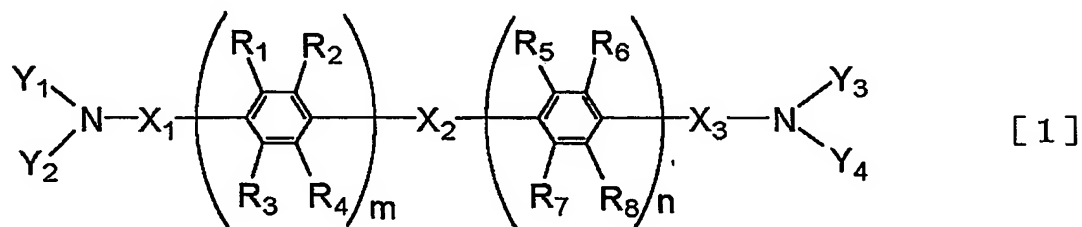
substituent or a substituent, and any one to three of Ar<sub>13</sub> to Ar<sub>16</sub> can be hydrogen or a group selected from the group consisting of alkyl and aralkyl, each having no substituent or a substituent; and R<sub>15</sub> to R<sub>18</sub> are the same or different and are hydrogen, halogen, cyano, a substituted amino or a group selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl, aryl and heterocyclic, each having no substituent or a substituent.

10

5. An organic light-emitting device comprising a pair of electrodes consisting of an anode and a cathode and an organic compound-containing layer sandwiched between the pair of electrodes, wherein at least one layer of the organic compound-containing layers contains

15

at least one compound selected from the group consisting of compounds represented by the following general formula [1]:



20

wherein

Y<sub>1</sub> and Y<sub>3</sub> can be bonded to Y<sub>2</sub> and Y<sub>4</sub> respectively to form a ring, and X<sub>1</sub> and X<sub>3</sub> can be bonded to Y<sub>1</sub>

and/or Y<sub>2</sub> and Y<sub>3</sub> and/or Y<sub>4</sub> respectively to form a ring;

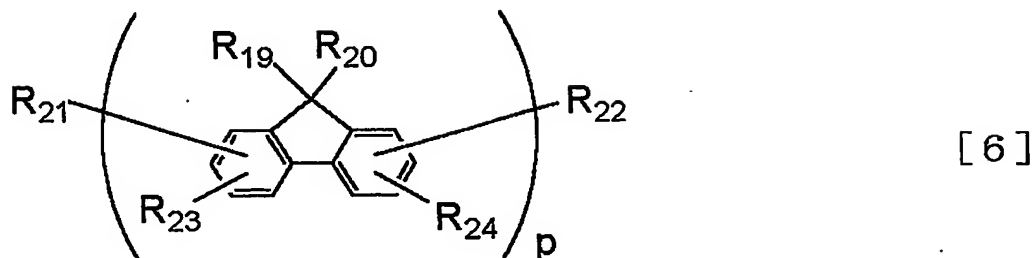
X<sub>1</sub>, X<sub>2</sub> and X<sub>3</sub> are the same or different and are each independently a direct bond or a divalent group selected from the group consisting of alkylene, aralkylene, arylene, divalent heterocyclic, alkenylene, imino, -SiH<sub>2</sub>-, silylene, carbonyl, ether and thioether, each having no substituent or a substituent which can include a linking group consisting of arylene or divalent heterocyclic, each having no substituent or a substituent;

Y<sub>1</sub> to Y<sub>4</sub> are the same or different and are each independently a group selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl, aryl, heterocyclic, amino, silyl, alkylene, aralkylene, alkenylene, imino, -SiH<sub>2</sub>-, silylene, carbonyl, ether and thioether, each having no substituent or a substituent which can include a linking group consisting of arylene or divalent heterocyclic, each having no substituent or a substituent;

R<sub>1</sub> to R<sub>8</sub> are the same or different and are each independently hydrogen, halogen or a group selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl and aryl, each having no substituent or a substituent; and m+n is an integer from 0 to 10, and

at least one compound selected from the group consisting of compounds represented by the following

general formula [6]:



wherein  $R_{19}$  and  $R_{20}$  are the same or different and are  
 5 hydrogen or a group selected from the group  
 consisting of a alkyl, aralkyl and aryl, each having  
 no substituent or a substituent; any pair of  $R_{19}$   
 combined to their respective fluorene structures are  
 the same or different to each other; any pair of  $R_{20}$   
 10 combined to their respective fluorene structures are  
 the same or different to each other;  $R_{21}$  to  $R_{24}$  are  
 hydrogen, halogen, cyano, a substituted silyl or a  
 group selected from the group consisting of alkyl,  
 aralkyl and alkoxy, each having no substituent or a  
 15 substituent; and  $p$  is an integer from 2 to 10.

6. The organic light-emitting device according  
 to claim 1, wherein the layer containing the  
 compounds represented by general formulas [1] and [2]  
 20 is a light-emitting layer.

7. The organic light-emitting device according  
 to claim 2, wherein the layer containing the

compounds represented by general formulas [1] and [3]  
is a light-emitting layer.

8. The organic light-emitting device according  
5 to claim 3, wherein the layer containing the  
compounds represented by general formulas [1] and [4]  
is a light-emitting layer.

9. The organic light-emitting device according  
10 to claim 4, wherein the layer containing the  
compounds represented by general formulas [1] and [5]  
is a light-emitting layer.

10. The organic light-emitting device according  
15 to claim 5, wherein the layer containing the  
compounds represented by general formulas [1] and [6]  
is a light-emitting layer.